









# Same and Different: North America

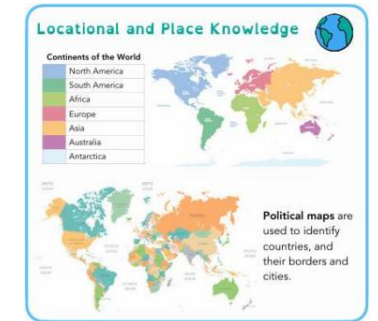
World		The whole planet Earth, including all the land and water.
Continent		A very large area of land on Earth made up of many countries.
Country		A place where people live that has its own government and borders.
Ocean		A huge body of salty water that covers most of the Earth.
Capital city		The main city of a country where the government are based.
Map		A drawing of a place from above that shows where things are.
Equator		An imaginary line around the middle of the Earth that divides it into the Northern and Southern Hemispheres.
Prime meridian		An imaginary line that divides the Earth into east and west. It runs through Greenwich in England.
Longitude		Imaginary lines that run from the North Pole to the South Pole. They help us to find how far east or west a place is.
Latitude		Imaginary lines that go around the Earth from side to side. They help us find how North or South a place is.
4 figure grid reference		A way of finding a square on a map using two numbers.
Time zones		Different areas of the world where the time is different.
Climate		The usual weather in a place over a long time (for example, hot, cold, wet or dry).
Physical Geography		Natural parts of the Earth like mountains, rivers, deserts and oceans.
Human Geography		Things made or done by people, like cities, roads and buildings

## KS2 SUBSTANTIVE KNOWLEDGE:

- I KNOW the location of North America, its major countries and its environmental regions, and some key physical and human characteristics.
- I KNOW some similarities and differences in the physical and human geography of a region in United Kingdom and a region in North America.

## KS2 DISCIPLINARY KNOWLEDGE:

- I KNOW HOW TO use maps, atlases and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied.
- I KNOW HOW TO use four-figure then six-figure grid references, symbols and keys to build my knowledge of the wider world.



## Key Knowledge

- The UK is in Europe; the USA, Canada and Mexico are in North America.
- Physical features are natural; human features are made by people.
- Examples of North American physical features: Rocky Mountains, Great Lakes, Mississippi River, Prairies.
- The South West of England has rolling hills, coasts, farmland, moorland.
- Human geography in the South West: farming, fishing, tourism.
- Human geography in the Rockies: skiing, tourism, ranching, forestry.
- Both areas have wildlife, tourism and natural scenery.